

Overview of Criminal Justice Treatment Programming, Part 2

Treatment Programming/ Stepping Up Diversionary Initiatives

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Featurina
Judge A. Dowling, Court of Common Pleas

OBJECTIVES: CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM OVERVIEW/STEPPING UP

- Discuss County goals and priorities specifically for the justice system.
- Describe review process (from the inside out) undertaken to date, major initiatives, challenges, and opportunities related to treatment.
- Discuss main findings, recommendations, programs, and next steps (to include community involvement).

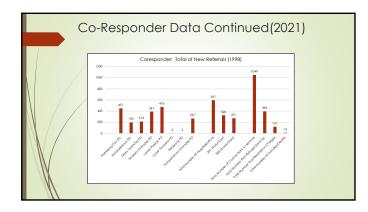
CO-RESPONDERS

- The Basics
 - Mental Health Professional Embedded with Law Enforcement Officers
 - ■Based out of the District Attorneys Office (2020).
 - Eight positions, eight police departments.
- In the year of 2021, Co-Responders were involved in 1998 referrals from police officers.

 Of those referrals, 121 resulted in charges (6%), meaning that

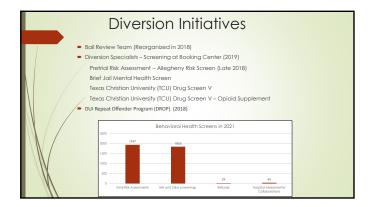
 - majority are diverted from the CJ system.

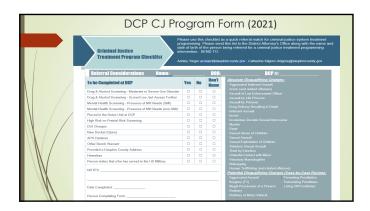
 January 2022-June 2022, there has been 1392 referrals, 67 resulted in charges (5%).

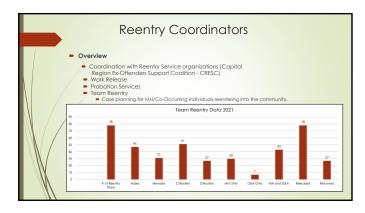


Crisis Intervention Team (CIT) Training Total trained as of now: 225 Police (59 State Troopers), 3 Sheriffs, 11 Probation/Work Release, 22 DCP (15 COs, 4 Diversion Specialists, 3 Treatment Specialist), 25 staff that includes DA's office (Co-Responders, Supervisor, Treatment Courts, BHJ Atlanews, 2, 8 BHJ CJ Assistants), and Human Services Staff. Overall total is: 286 CIT. Irialized. Pleta class is scheduled for November 2022. Relow is a video from NAMI to show an overview of how CIT can support both Police Officers and the Community. Intro://www.youtube.com/worlch?vs-net?vsfatXc

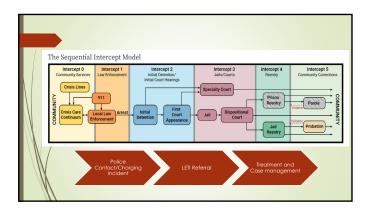
GENERAL DIVERSION GOALS Improve outcomes for offenders currently involved in the county criminal justice system Prevent further penetration into the justice system, as well as reduce recidivism Use fiscal and other resources wisely by reserving most restrictive setting (jail) for those who present serious risk to public safety Begin early identification of at-risk individuals to link them with services and supports



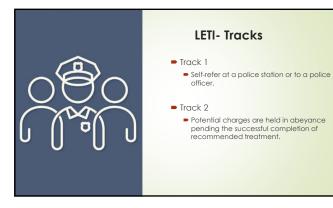




Law Enforcement Treatment Initiative (LETI) Kariem Morssy, Criminal Justice Assistant, (RCC & LETI Coordinator) Catharine Kilgore, CJAB Administrator







Local Considerations

- Naloxone Administrations in Dauphin County Since October of 2020 (ODIN):
 - 154 individuals received naloxone during this time; 99 of those individuals had naloxone administered by a Police officer.
 - ■35 received naloxone from EMS and 20 from Good Samaritans.
 - Residences are the most common place for someone to overdose, with hotels/Motels being the second highest place of overdose.
 - 47% of persons were taken to the hospital while conscious, 6% were taken to the hospital unconscious.
 - Only 18% of individuals refused transport while only 28% were successfully transported to treatment.



LETI Launch

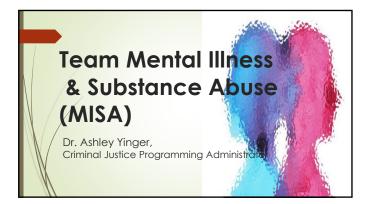
October 27th, 2020



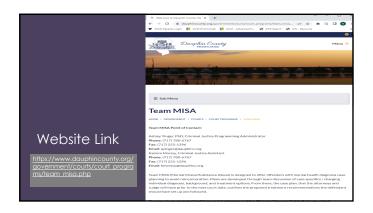
"LETI is a true diversion for non-violent individuals who come in contact with the criminal justice system on account of drug dependency. It diverts the individual without the need for an arrest or court appearance. But it has tracking built in to ensure that the individual is following through on treatment. This is yet another tool in our toolbox to get people help that works."

-Dauphin County District Attorney Francis T. Chardo

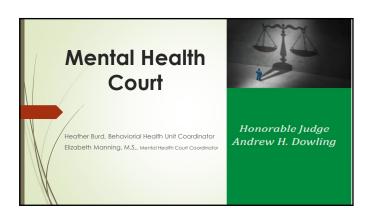
Questions/Further Information
Kariem Morssy Criminal Justice Assistant LETI Coordinator Kmorssy@Dauphincounty.gov (717)-780-6767 x6737







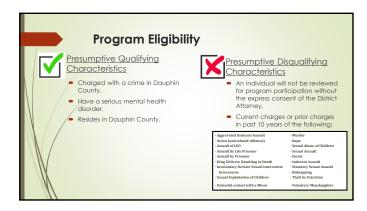


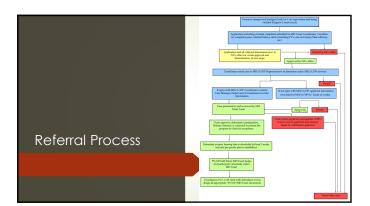


Mission Statement The mission of the Dauphin County Mental Health Court is to promote public safety by keeping participants with serious mental illness and/or co-occurring disorders safe and accountable as they engage in necessary treatment. This will ensure the participant begins the process of recovery and will result in an increase in safety and security for the residents of Dauphin County through lower rates of recidivism.

Provides intensive supervision, judicial monitoring, and access to treatment for offenders whose crimes are related to their severe mental illness. Coordinates appropriate and varying levels of treatment to its participants, including: Mental Health Drug & Alcohol Vocational Educational Life Skills Training By participating, an offender can become a productive, responsible citizen and the community will become a safer place in which to live.

Team Members The team is comprised of members from the following departments: Honorable Judge Andrew H. Dowling, Court of Common Pleas Dauphin County District Attorney's Office Dauphin County Public Defender's Office Dauphin County Probation & Parole Dauphin County Pendation & Parole Dauphin County Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs (MH/A/DP) Case Management Unit (CMU) "Contracted by MH/A/DP" Dauphin County Drug & Alcohol Dauphin County Prison Dauphin County Work Release





Sentencing Tracks Hybrid Incentive (Track 1) This track is for offenders who do not have a significant criminal history; and, if these cases were pursued in the traditional court process, the offenders would receive local sentences. They will be required to waive Rule 591 (relating to withdrawal of guilty pela) and 704 (sentencing within 90 days of entry of guilty plea). They will be sentenced on at least one of the lower-level offenses. Sentencing on the remaining counts will be deferred pending completion of the Mental Health Court program. Upon successful completion of the Mental Health Court program, including payments of fines, costs, and restitution, the rome serious charge will be modified (reduced or dismissed, depending on the plea agreement).

In each phase participants are required to adhere to supervision plans. In all phases, participants are requ allotted number of hours of a dally structured activity Court Team. Phases 1-4 are designed to take 3-6 moi Care Phase is a minimum of 6 months.					uired to complete an y as directed by the MH	
	Phase I: + Report for Indoke. + Atlend Mental Health Court weekly. + Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per week. + Meet with assigned case manager a minimum of once per week.	Phase 2:	Phase 3: +Attend Mental Health Court tri weekly. +Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once every two weeks. +Meet with assigned case manager a minimum of once every two weeks.	Phase 4: + Attend Mental Health Court once a month. + Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per month. + Meet with assigned case manager a minimum of once per month.	Aftercare Phase: +Does NOT need to attend court sessions. +Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per month. +Meet with assigned case manager a minimum of once per month.	





STEPPING UP-Dauphin County

Year in Review-2021

Ashley Yinger, PhD. Criminal Justice Programming Administrator-District Attorney's Office Kariem Morssy, Criminal Justice Assistance-District Attorney's Office

Since the deinstitutionalization in 1955 to reduce the number of people with serious mental illness (SMI) in State hospitals, systematic changes arose. The nation saw many people with SMI who lived in State hospitals for many years, now surfacing in the community streets. As a result, many of these individuals decompensated and there was an increased number of encounters with law enforcement (Slate, Frailing, Johnson, & Buffington, 2021). Unfortunately, as a result, the nation started to see an impact on the criminalization of individuals with mental illness.

Criminal justice reform has resulted in many States/Counties signing a Stepping Up resolution to address the number of people with SMI in the local jails/prisons. In 2016, Dauphin County, PA Commissioners signed and passed a Stepping Up resolution to reduce the number of people with SMI in Dauphin County prison (DCP). After this, the county partnered with the Council of State Government (CSG) to receive assistance in collecting and analyzing data to determine the current trends of this problem. CSG published their results in 2018 that provided the county with statistics and recommendations to make improvements towards their Stepping Up initiative. Much of the results showed high numbers of people in DCP with a SMI staying longer than those without a SMI (Justice Center: The council of state governments, 2018). Since recommendations were started in late 2018, Dauphin County continues to see improvements in many areas.

Dauphin County continues working on following through with many of the recommendations to implement initiatives and reduce the number of people with SMI in DCP. The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted the nation like no other and Dauphin County had to continue to navigate those challenges throughout 2021. As a county, there was an increase in crisis intervention contacts, staff shortages, and provider waitlists to mention a few. Impacts from the pandemic place a barrier on a person who is trying to access services to maintain their mental health stability and reduce law enforcement contact. Regardless of the ongoing barriers, Dauphin County continues moving forward with Stepping Up initiatives as the county recognizes there is a need. According to Dauphin County Department of Public Safety, there were 3,303 calls received that were flagged as behavioral health in 2021. At the end of December 2021, DCP had about 12% of inmates with a SMI and 37% flagged as

having a mental illness (MI) and drug and alcohol (D&A) need. With this information, the county continues to see the need to respond to those with SMI and encounters with the Criminal Justice system.

Below highlights Stepping Up initiatives in Dauphin County, PA from January 2021 through December 2021.

Stepping Up subcommittee:

A subcommittee from the Criminal Justice Advisory Board (CJAB) was created and chaired by the Stepping Up Coordinator. In 2021, the subcommittee met five times, in addition to the quarterly CJAB meetings and the county's Reentry subcommittee. During the committee, updates are discussed regarding the Stepping Up initiatives. The subcommittee comprises of an array of county Criminal Justice and Human Service stakeholders, in addition to community stakeholders. Through the work of this committee, Dauphin County has been able to report out more consistently the number of people with a SMI in DCP. The county is part of a data project called Stadia that comprises of dashboards for many departments across the County. Creating a Stepping Up dashboard has been discussed. During 2021, the county worked with CSG to become an Innovative County and was recognized as making improvements towards the Stepping Up initiative and consistently being able to report out on data. The Stepping Up Coordinator participates in monthly and quarterly calls with CSG pertaining to our role as an Innovative County. The committee reviews current data trends, action steps, case planning, services, limitations, and barriers during the meeting. Our goals as a committee for 2022 are to explore our sequential intercept map to discuss areas of need and developing a specific Stepping Up dashboard for our data reporting and reviewing.

Team Mental Illness Substance Abuse (MISA):

Team MISA was implemented in April 2019 and continues. The team comprises of an array of Criminal Justice and Human Service entities and is chaired by an Assistant District Attorney (ADA) and Criminal Justice Programming Administrator. The group meets every week other than trial week where cases are discussed with people having an upcoming court date and diagnosis of mental health (MH) and/or substance use disorder (SUD). Case plans are developed to provide treatment recommendations for their upcoming court hearing to be considered. Team MISA has allowed for an increase in cross systems collaboration among both systems. Barriers associated with Team MISA are often related to charges, individual's desire to participate in treatment, and the connection to treatment prior to release.

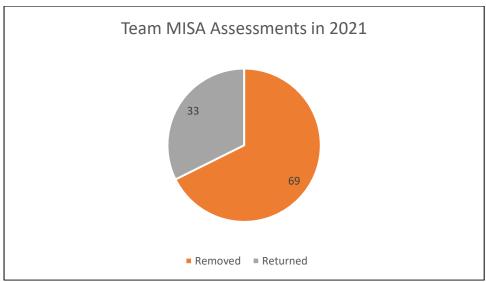
Through this work, the county has seen a decrease in prison population for those with SMI/MI and connections to treatment. When the Stepping Up report came out in 2018 with longer length of stays, through case planning, we have seen people with SMI staying much shorter in DCP compared to previously and compared to those without SMI. Psychotropic medications are often the only form of mental health treatment in many jails, not to mention that it can be twice as costly to house a person with mental illness compared to those without a mental illness (Slate et al., 2021). Dauphin County strives to connect individuals with SMI to the appropriate level of care and divert them from DCP when jail is not the most appropriate.

A subcommittee from Team MISA (i.e., Mental Health Reentry) also started in the summer of 2020. The goal of this team is to focus on individuals that are sentenced at DCP and need case planning for MH and drug and alcohol (D&A) services upon release. The team is chaired by the Mental Health Reentry Coordinator at DCP.

Below illustrates some of the work accomplished through Team MISA and the Reentry Team from January 2021-December 2021.



Graph 1.1



Graph 1.2

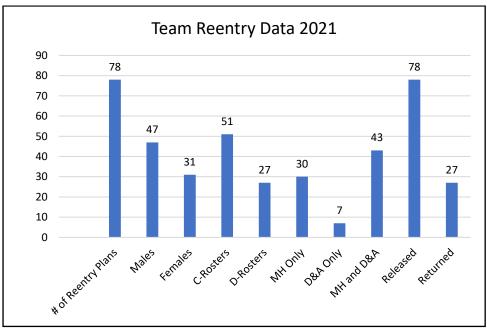


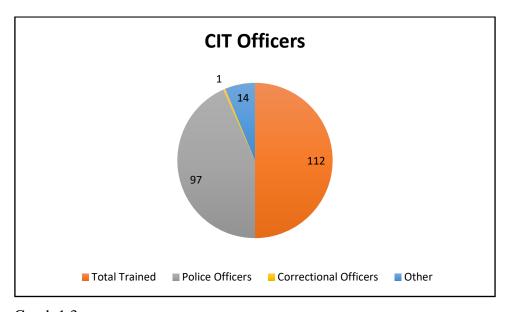
Table 1.1

Crisis Intervention Team (CIT) training:

Dauphin County held its first CIT training in the fall of 2019 and continues to implement this training to increase the number of CIT trained officers. CIT training is known to be evidence-based and the 40-hour basic training provides an array of tools and resources to first responders to help increase their knowledge and understanding when interacting with a person in crisis and ways to respond. They also learn about the resources and collaborating with human service entities. Dauphin County has been supported by the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency (PCCD) to help start and fund initial trainings.

The county has seen a positive outcome from implementing the training. To meet the demand of local community, the number of trained CIT officers available to any shift should be around 20-25% of the department's patrol division (Dupont, Cochran, & Pillsbury, 2007). Some departments have the goal to train all officers. There were six CIT trainings held in 2021 for law enforcement. Personnel from other Criminal Justice and Human service entities also attended CIT training. More trainings were able to be scheduled as Covid restrictions became more relaxed. The trainings continue to show positive outcomes among officers who have been trained in CIT. Officers have reported that the skills and resources provided through the training were able to help them coordinate services and stage an adequate response for individuals in crisis. Quotes from a community advocate and Deputy Chief regarding CIT: "They treated him with respect. They de-escalated the situation." "He probably would be in jail facing some serious time, or dead, if that training wasn't there" (Dauphin County Resident). "The Program works – it works for our officers, and it works for our citizens" (Deputy Chief).

Graph 1.2 indicates the number of individuals trained in CIT in 2021. Table 1.2 highlights key findings from the pre/post surveys conducted during the beginning and end of the training week (Averages for February 21' through December 21' classes). A total of 112 Criminal Justice professionals were trained in 2021. Overall, since the beginning of CIT in 2019, Dauphin County has 207 trained, 162 of those being police officers.



Graph 1.3

CIT Data	Pre-test	Post-test	<u>Difference</u>
How would you rate your comfort level in dealing			
with an individual suffering with mental illness	3.25	4.39	+1.14
How prepared do you feel in dealing with			
someone suffering with mental illness	3.35	4.42	+1.07
How would you rate your knowledge of			
psychiatric illnesses	2.5	3.885	+1.373
How would you rate your knowledge of			
Developmental Disorders (Intellectual Disabilities)	2.4	3.89	+1.468
Have varied vary water vary by avide day of antiatric			
How would you rate your knowledge of geriatric issues	2.35	3.83	+1.473
1550005	2.33	3.63	11.473
What is your comfort level with someone voicing			
thoughts of suicide	3.6	4.46	+0.856
How would you rate your knowledge about			
psychiatric medications	2.04	3.52	+1.481
How would you rate your knowledge of PTSD	2.93	4.262	+1.33
How would you rate your familiarity with civil	2 225	4 1 1	.1.000
commitments	2.225	4.11	+1.888
How familiar are you with treatment recovers:			
How familiar are you with treatment resources in the community	2.615	4.27	+1.663
the community	2.013	7.41	11.003

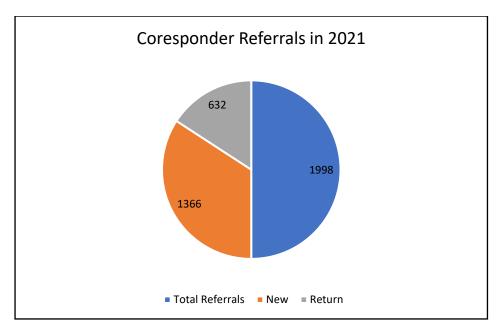
Post ONLY: How would you rate this training in		
providing you information on mental illness and community resources overall	4.701	
Post ONLY: How would you rate this training in providing you additional skills to use in de- escalation overall	4.695	
Post ONLY: Did you feel the information was presented and organized well	4.715	

Table 1.2

Co-Responders:

The Co-responder model program was developed after the implementation of CIT training. The Co-responder works side by side police officers to help in identifying calls for service where behavioral health (to include both mental health and co-occurring disorders) might be the underlying factor. The Co-responders can be dispatched along with law enforcement officers on these calls or follow up if arrest did not occur but to avoid future encounters. They will offer assessment, access to crisis intervention services, if necessary, provide referral information to the individual and provide follow-up when necessary.

Based on data provided by the Department of Public Safety, the positions were placed within the Harrisburg City Police Department, Swatara Police Department, Susquehanna Police Department, and Lower-Paxton Police Department to start in 2020. Through positive success, Derry Police Department and Hummelstown Police Department joined in 2021. The county has partnered with the departments to sustain these positions. On average, the county continues to see a lot of diversion and connection to treatment with this program. Based on all contacts with Coresponders, typically less than 10% result in charges. In 2022, Steelton Police Department and another department (to be determined) will be partnering with the District Attorney's Office to secure a Coresponder position. Below highlights key data points that were collected from January 2021-December 2021:



Graph 1.4

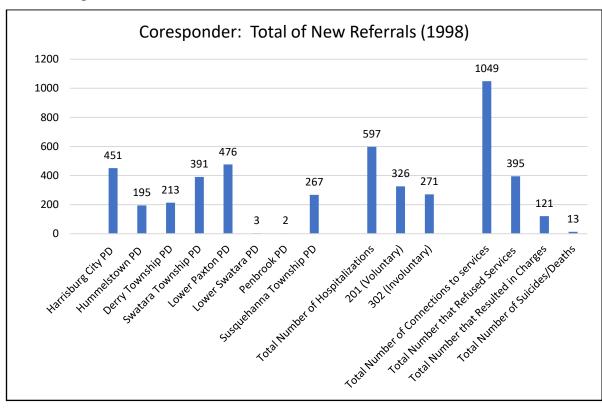


Table 1.3

Risk Assessments and Behavioral Health Screenings:

Pretrial services in Dauphin County implemented a risk assessment and this has been utilized since November 2018. The risk assessment was developed using Alleghany's tool and will be validated for its accuracy. The risk assessment is completed when a detainee is brought to the booking center on new charges, and it helps with determining a person's risk of committing a new offense while out on bail and the likelihood of their appearance to show

for court. The assessment/recommendation is shared with the Magisterial District Judge (MDJ) prior to arraignment to use as a tool when making bail recommendations. In 2021, the Diversion Specialists, who work at the booking center completing MH and D&A screenings, now complete the risk assessments too.

As noted, Diversion Specialists, work at the booking center and complete MH and D&A screenings, in addition to serving as interim case managers to help coordinate treatment when appropriate. The screenings are also completed at the time a detainee comes to booking to determine any treatment needs they may have, which then coordination occurs to set up those services and communication to the MDJ prior arraignment. Again, these screenings are to help identify treatment needs, linking the person up to the necessary level of treatment, when appropriate, and information for the MDJ to have when setting bail conditions. On average, every month, the Diversion Specialists see about 30-40% of individuals indicating some form of treatment need.

Below illustrates data points from the pretrial risk assessments and the Diversion Specialists screenings in 2021. Please note that due to staff changes and shortages, numbers were impacted, being that all shifts were not always covered.

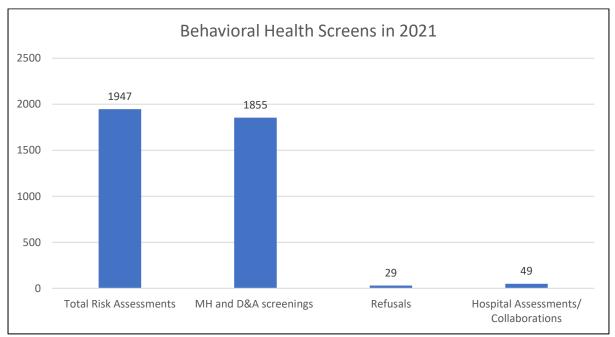


Table 1.4

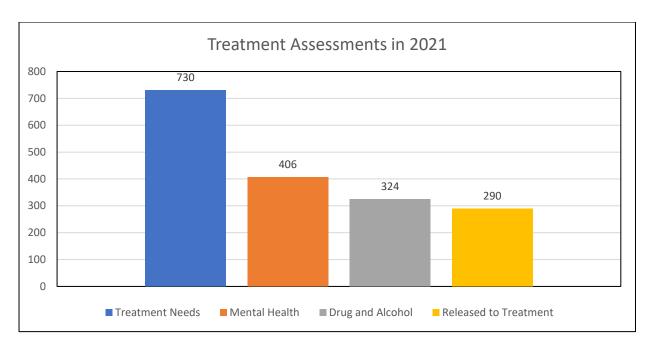


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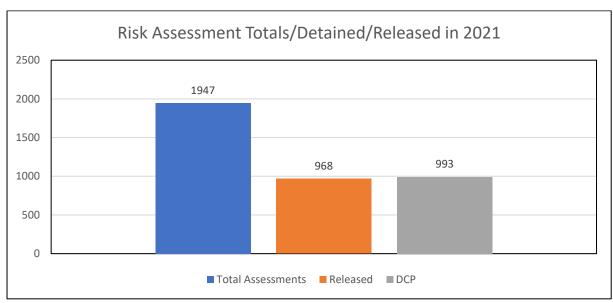


Table 1.6

Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs (MH/A/DP):

The department of MH/A/DP has implemented two service initiatives as well in response to the Stepping Up resolution, which include, an intensive outpatient program for co-occurring disorders and a forensic residential program. The LiveUp Recovery program and the Forensic Community Residential Rehabilitation (CRR) are fully implemented. The LiveUp Recovery has been a very beneficial referral resource to Team MISA/Reentry and the Forensic CRR as well.

LiveUp Recovery is through Pennsylvania Counseling Services, Inc. (PCS), which is a licensed MH and D&A agency that provides integrated MH and D&A treatment and

support services. PCS provides a weekly report to the active case management entities and once per month case management agencies and Adult Probation meet to review cases. The average weekly enrollment is 14 persons. They can accommodate 20 persons per week in the program. At the end of December 2021, 14 were enrolled and it was reported that 11 were doing well.

The Forensic CRR is through Community Services Group, Inc. (CSG), which is a licensed MH agency that will provide short-term (up to 90 days) CRR support for persons (14 beds) transitioning from DCP, Dauphin County Work release, or a State Corrections Institute (SCI). The first individual was accepted on January 21st, 2021. Throughout calendar year 2021, 27 Individuals were served through the CSG CRR Forensic program.

Looking into 2022:

All initiatives plan to continue in 2022. Dauphin County is in the early stages of implementing MH court as another Stepping Up recommendation and increasing the number of MH probation officers. The projected start date of MH Court is April of 2022. Two (2) additional initiatives that were implemented in 2021 include Law Enforcement Treatment Initiative (LETI) and Recovery Connections Court (RCC). Although these two initiatives did not come directly from Stepping Up recommendations, they do involve front-end diversionary opportunities to engage individuals with behavioral health needs into treatment. Outcomes of the programs once completed include possibly no charges being filed (LETI), charge expungement, or a reduction in any sentence imposed (RCC). The Dauphin County District Attorney's Office also secured a grant to hire a Behavioral Health Attorney, to take lead on cases involving those with a SMI as part of Stepping Up initiative. This position began in 2021.

Conclusion:

Dauphin County continues to work collectively across both systems to implement necessary initiatives and services to reduce the number of people in DCP with a SMI. This report highlights many action steps that have continued since Stepping Up implementation in 2018. The county did see some barriers in many areas due to the response of the pandemic, but team members moved forward and adjusted the best that they could. As these initiatives continue, areas of improvement for data collection and analyzation will continue to help with making data driven decisions and the overall impact to the community.

References

Dupont, R., Cochran, S., & Pillsbury, S. (2007). *Crisis Intervention Team Core Elements*. Retrieved from http://cit.memphis.edu/pdf/CoreElements.pdf

Justice Center: The council of state governments. (2018). *Dauphin county, Pennsylvania: A county justice and mental health systems improvement project.*

Slate, R, N., Frailing, K, J., Wesley, W., Buffington, J, K. (2021). *The criminalization of mental illness*. 3rd ed. Carolina Academic Press: North Carolina.



Team MISA (Mental Illness/Substance Abuse)

A team that comprises of staff from criminal justice entities (District Attorney, Public Defender, Adult Probation, DCP/PrimeCare, Work Release, Pretrial) and Human Services (Mental health, Drug and Alcohol). We discuss the case/ individual charges/ diagnosis/ background, and treatment recommendations to help the person with their mental health and/or D&A to avoid reincarceration, etc. From there, we develop a case plan, that the attorneys and Judge will have prior to the next court date, that outlines the proposed treatment recommendations the defendant should have set up and followed.

We rely on our resources in Dauphin County, so county residency is one of the factors making a person eligible (In addition to charges and diagnosis)



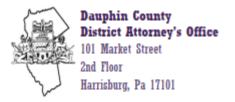
Contact Us

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Alexandra McNulty (Deputy District Attorney)
amcnulty@dauphincounty.gov
Kariem Morssy (Criminal Justice Assistant)
kmorssy@dauphincounty.gov

Website:

https://www.dauphincounty.org/government/courts/court_programs/team_misa.php







Basic Eligibility:

- Serious Mental Illness (SMI)
- Co-occurring Disorders (Mental Health and Substance Use)
- Upcoming Court Date and/or Pending New Charges
- Willing to seek case management / treatment services (MH and/or D&A) and have the team develop a case plan for them prior to court
- **❖** Dauphin County Resident

The Process:

- ❖ Submit a referral and signed release of information (ROI)
 - Any team member can refer an individual to the Coordinator for Team MISA to review/case plan for if there are Mental Health and/or Drug& Alcohol concerns and treatment is desired.
- ADA will review the referral, charges, and criminal history prior to the meeting
 - If there are any concerns with basic eligibility, pending charges, criminal history, and the individuals willingness to participate in treatment, they can be removed from Team MISA case planning.
- If accepted into the program, the Team will develop a treatment plan prior to the upcoming court proceeding
 - Mental Health and/or Drug & Alcohol Case Management Services will be responsible for completing assessments with the individuals, intakes, and providing treatment recommendations to the Team for the case plan to be developed and then setting up the approved services (if approved at court).
- Treatment plans will be distributed to all team members, including the assigned attorneys and Judge, to have available and review at court.



Team MISA Members:

District Attorney's Office:

Assistant District Attorney and Criminal Justice

Programming Administrator

Public Defenders Office:

Assistant Public Defender and Mental Health

Advocate

Pretrial:

Mental Health Bail Supervisor

DCP: Director of Treatment and Mental

Health

Reentry Coordinator

PrimeCare:

Clinical Director

Judicial Center:

Diversion Specialist Coordinator

Probation:

Mental Health Probation Officers

Work Release:

Supervisor

Human Services:

Human Services Director

MH/A/DP:

Deputy Mental Health Director

Case Management Unit:

Mental Health and Forensic Case Manager

Keystone Case Management:

Supervisor and Case Manager

Drug and Alcohol Services:

Mobile Case Manager



Program Eligibility

Presumptive Qualifying Characteristics

Eligibility:

- Charged with a crime in Dauphin County.
- Have a serious mental health disorder.
- Resides in Dauphin County.

Presumptive Disqualifying Characteristics

• Current charges or prior charges in past 10 years of the following.

· Aggravated Indecent Assault · Arson (and related offenses) · Murder

· Assault of LEO

· Sexual Abuse of Children

· Assault by Life Prisoner

· Sexual Assault

· Assault by Prisoner

·Incest

· Drug Delivery Resulting in Death· Indecent Assault · Involuntary Deviate Sexual

· Statutory Sexual Assault

Intercourse

· Kidnapping

· Sexual Exploitation of

· Theft by Extortion

Children

· Voluntary Manslaughter

· Unlawful contact with a Minor

· Human Trafficking (and related offenses)

Who We Are

About Us

In working within the Stepping Up Initiative here in Dauphin County, the Mental Health Court was developed to support individuals with serious mental health who obtain legal charges as a result of their mental health symptoms.

With proper services, participants with mental health can break the cycle within the criminal justice system and lower recidivism rates.

Contact Us

Elizabeth Manning Mental Health Court Coordinator

Phone: 717-780-6702

Email: emanning@dauphincountv.gov Web: https://www.dauphincounty.org/



DAUPHIN COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH COURT

101 Market Street 2nd Floor Harrisburg, PA 17101

DAUPHIN COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH **COURT**



Honorable Judge Andrew H. Dowling

About Our Program

Phases of Program

In each phase participants are required to adhere to their treatment and supervision plans. In Phases 1-4, participants are required to complete an allotted number of hours of a daily structured activity as directed by the MH Court Team. Phases 1-4 are designed to take 3-6 months to complete. After Care Phase is a minimum of 6 months.

Phase 1:

- →Report for Intake.
- →Attend Mental Health Court weekly.
- Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per week and your case manager once per week.

Phase 2:

- →Attend Mental Health Court bi-weekly.
- →Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per week and your case manager once per week.

Phase 3:

- →Attend Mental Health Court tri weekly.
- Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once every two weeks and your case manager once every two weeks.

Phase 4:

- ★Attend Mental Health Court once a month.
- Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per month and your case manager once per month.

Aftercare Phase:

- Meet with assigned probation officer a minimum of once per month and your case manager once per month.
- →Complete allotted number of hours of a daily structured activity as directed.



Courtroom 5

Mental Health Court Team

The Dauphin County Team is comprised of members from the following departments:

- Honorable Judge Andrew H. Dowling
- Dauphin County District Attorney's Office
- Dauphin County Public Defender's Office
- Dauphin County Probation & Parole
- Dauphin County Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs (MH/A/DP)
- Case Management Unit (CMU)
- Dauphin County Drug & Alcohol
- Dauphin County Prison
- Dauphin County Work Release

Mission Statement

The mission of the Dauphin County Mental Health Court is to promote public safety by keeping participants with serious mental illness and/or co-occurring disorders safe and accountable as they engage in necessary treatment. This will ensure the participant begins the process of recovery and will result in an increase in safety and security for the residents of Dauphin County through lower rates of recidivism.

"Don't judge my story by the chapter you walked in on."

- Author Unknown

Referral Process

Referral packet includes:

- <u>Fully completed</u> Mental Health Court Referral Form.
- Copies of <u>all</u> pending complaints and probable cause affidavits.
- Copies of <u>all</u> mental health treatment records.

Referral packet completed by:

- <u>Dauphin County Entities</u>, such as those listed in the Mental Health Court Team section or any entity in the legal process.
- <u>Community Based Providers</u>, such as Mental Health Providers as well as Drug & Alcohol Providers.